Report National Butterfly Week



Biodiversity Information Management Division National Biodiversity Centre Serbithang, Thimphu September 2022

National Butterfly Week

Butterflies are the most well-known and studied group of insects. Owing to their striking patterns and vibrant colors, butterflies are the most acquainted insect to humans. Unlike moths, whose antennae comes in diverse shapes, butterfly's antenna are slender and clubbed shaped at the end. They are widely distributed with more than 19,000 species of butterflies around the world (Natural Resources Conservation Service [NRCS], 2000), 750 species found in Bhutan (Gyeltshen et al., 2019). However, approximately 3 % of the butterfly species are at the risk of extinction due to urbanization and agriculture (Mulkerrin et al., 2011). One cannot be complacent just because there is high butterfly population census around the world. The population keeps on declining. It is imperative that the monitoring of its population is kept in loop.

Currently, there is no designated international date for National Butterfly Week. National Biodiversity Centre in collaboration with Nature Guides hosted Bhutan's first National Butterfly Week from 17th to 31st August 2022.



Figure 1. National Butterfly Week Poster

National Butterfly Week is a citizen science initiative where participants may range from diverse backgrounds and age groups, which meant that not all the participants may own high spec devices. Taking such aspect into consideration and to make the event inclusive, participants were encouraged to upload their observations regardless of the pictures taken from any devices. A quick pictorial guide on how to participate in National Butterfly Week was formulated and shared to the public via official website and Facebook page of National Biodiversity Centre and Bhutan Biodiversity Portal.

Results

Forty-three participants contributed an estimated total of 9.476 observations of butterfly during National Butterfly Week held from 17th of August to 31st August 2022. The highest number of observations contributed by an individual was 4,949. Majority of the butterfly observations were contributed by Department of Forest and Park Services (83.4%) followed by individuals working under Government sector (5.7%) and students (3%). It was also observed that students from various college contributed butterfly observations as a team.



While the highest number of participants worked under Department of Forest and Park Services (DoFPS), the Bhutan Biodiversity Portal observed participants from film industry, monastic body and even from Royal Bhutan Police. Looking into the past record of participants, this comes as huge achievement to the Centre. However, there still exists a lack of minority participation and the Centre should thrive in engaging diverse communities in citizen science initiatives.





Picture courtesy: Bhutan Biodiversity Portal

References

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